

### Venetic Vocabulary

<b>.a.</b>	Abbreviation? Meaning unknown.
<b>.a. .e.</b>	Abbreviation? Meaning unknown.
<b>.a.i.su.n.</b>	“god”, acc. Italic root * <i>aisu-</i> ; fourth declension.
<b>.a.klo.n.</b>	“symbol, monument”
<b>alkomno</b>	Meaning unknown. Nominative dual masculine of a present medio-passive participle.
<b>an.šore.s.</b>	Meaning unknown. Nominative plural of a masculine agent noun in * <i>-tor-</i> .
<b>.a.r.tos</b>	unknown (noun?); may mean something like “grave”
<b>ati-</b>	preverb
<b>atisteit</b>	“adstat”. Third singular present indicative active of a verb from the root * <i>stā-</i> , plus preverb.
<b>.a.tra.e..s.</b>	?
<b>.a.tra</b>	Probably <b>.a.(n.)tra</b> corresponding to Latin <i>intra</i> .
<b>.au[</b>	?
<b>augar</b>	Description of the offering. Neuter in * <i>ar(i)</i> of the root * <i>aug-</i> .
<b>kab</b>	Probably an abbreviation of an ethnic name
<b>kane.i.</b>	Dative feminine singular adjective describing the name of the recipient of a gift, probably the epithet of a god. Maybe “ <i>carae</i> ” (adjective in <i>-ni-</i> from the root * <i>kā-</i> )?
<b>karis</b>	Probably nominative singular of noun meaning “ <i>caritas</i> ” (Lejeune). Could be part of a name or job title <i>Vinetikaris</i> (Fogolari and Prosdocimi)
<b>ke</b>	“and”, proclitic conjunction
<b>-k(e)</b>	demonstrative enclitic particle
<b>d</b>	Abbreviation for <b>doto</b> or <b>dona.s.to</b>
<b>da</b>	Abbreviation of an unknown word
<b>de.i.vo.s.</b>	“divos”
<b>dekome.i.</b>	“tenth” (dative)
<b>diiaritore.s.</b>	Cf. Lat. <i>aratores</i> – “farmers”?
<b>[d]ido.r.</b>	“he gives” (Assuming the first letter is <b>d</b> ) a 3 <sup>rd</sup> singular present medio-passive verb of an athematic reduplicated present.
<b>diie.i.</b>	“day” (dative)
<b>do[</b>	probably <b>do[to]</b> or <b>do[na.s.to]</b>
<b>donasan</b>	“they gave”, 3 <sup>rd</sup> plural sigmatic past
<b>donasa</b>	Variant of <b>donasan</b>
<b>dona.s.to</b>	“he gave”, 3 <sup>rd</sup> singular sigmatic past
<b>dono.m.</b>	“gift” (neut. nom. and acc.)
<b>doto</b>	“he gave”, 3 <sup>rd</sup> singular root past of <i>dō-</i>

<b>douka</b>	“direction, rearing (of animals)”?
<b>.e.</b>	Abbreviation for an unknown word at the beginning of dedications
<b>.e.</b>	Abbreviation for an unknown word at the end of an epitaph
<b>.e.b.</b>	Abbreviation for an unknown formula in the body or at the end of a votive inscription
<b>.e.go</b>	“I”
<b>e.i.</b>	maybe = <b>.e..i.k.</b>
<b>.e..i.k.</b>	If one word, maybe = Latin <i>hīc</i>
<b>.e.[ina]</b>	Maybe a divine name
<b>.e.lokvi.l.lo.s.</b>	Name of an animal?
<b>.e.n.to.l.</b>	Quasi-preposition “ <i>intus</i> ” (* <i>entos</i> ), takes the genitive
<b>.e.kvo.n.</b>	“horse” (acc.)
<b>.e.kvopetari.s.</b>	Probably “knight” or similar social/military rank. Also found as <b>.e.kvopetar.s.</b> , <b>.e.kupetari.s.</b> , <b>.e.p.petari.s.</b> , <b>.e.petari.s.</b>
<b>.e..s.</b>	Probably preposition * <i>en-s</i> , in the sense <i>usque ad</i> . Takes the accusative.
<b>e.s.</b>	Maybe an abbreviation for an unknown formula.
<b>vha.g.s.to</b>	“he dedicated”; 3 <sup>rd</sup> singular of the sigmatic past of a verb corresponding to Latin <i>facio</i> .
<b>vhasto</b>	Variant of <b>vha.g.sto</b> ?
<i>filia</i>	“daughter”; identical to but not borrowed from Latin
<b>vhratere.i.</b>	“brother”, dat.
<b>vhato</b>	Unknown (noun? verb?)
<b>horvionte</b>	Nominative dual masculine of a present participle in <i>-ont-</i> . If the form is correct, interpretation is unclear. If it is a mistake for <b>horeionte</b> , then may be a causative in <i>-eyō-</i> from a root * <i>g<sup>h</sup>er-</i>
<b>iorobo.s.</b>	instrumental plural in a dedication
<b>ioato</b>	May also be <b>soato</b> . If it is <b>ioato</b> , may be a verbal noun from IE root * <i>ieh<sub>1</sub>-</i> , cf. Latin <i>iactus</i> , therefore “throw” (links to its use on a knucklebone)
<b>kl.ovetlo.</b>	Unknown; possibly noun with adjective <b>marsko</b> ? La Regina 1989 suggests that it is the name of some kind of sacred place.
<b>kude</b>	“where”
<b>la.g.[s.to]</b>	Verb coordinated by <b>ke</b> to the verb <b>dona.s.to</b> and followed by the dative of a gods name. Probably another third singular sigmatic past, meaning something like “dedicate”.
<b>leno</b>	“voluntary act”, instrumental nominative singular, from * <i>wlē-no-</i> .
<b>liber.tos.</b>	“freedman”, late borrowing from Latin
<b>lo.r.</b>	Abbreviated word, probably a patronymic.
<b>lo.u.ki</b>	“sacred grove”, genitive singular
<b>lo.u.dera.i.</b>	“girl” (but could also be a personal name), dative feminine singular
<b>lo.u.derobo.s.</b>	“for his children”, dative masculine plural, * <i>leud<sup>h</sup>ero-</i>
<b>magetto.n.</b>	term for an offering, accusative singular

<b>marsko</b>	Unknown; one theory suggests this is an adjective for “Marsian”.
<b>matro.n.</b>	“of the mothers”, genitive plural
<b>mego</b>	“me”
<b>meu</b>	Variant of <b>mego</b>
<b>metlon</b>	term for an offering, accusative singular
<i>miles</i>	“soldier”, identical to but probably not borrowed from Latin <i>miles</i>
<b>murtuvoi</b>	“dead”, dative singular. Same refashioning of * <i>mṛ-to-</i> to * <i>mṛtwo-</i> (to match * <i>g<sup>w</sup>īwo-</i> ) as in Latin.
<b>oliiale</b>	Adverb of uncertain meaning, found as <b>oliialekve</b> , something like “the same as”, “whether” or “whenever”.
<b>omni</b>	Cf. Latin <i>omni-</i> .
<b>.o.p</b>	Preposition with instrumental used with the motivations of offerings, “because of”
<b>.o.pedo.n.</b>	Cf. Latin <i>oppidum</i> < * <i>opi-pedon</i> .
<b>.o.r.</b>	Final word in an epitaph, meaning unknown
<i>ostinobos</i>	“bones”, dative plural
<b>.o.te[r.]gin</b>	Abbreviation of the genitive plural of the ethnic of Oderzo (Lat. <i>Opitergium</i> )
<i>opitergin</i>	See above
<i>pater</i>	“father”
<b>per.</b>	Preposition with accusative used with the motivations of offerings
<b>periko.n.voni.n.</b>	peri + term for a space?
<i>poltos</i>	nominative masculine singular of a verbal adjective * <i>p<sub>l</sub>-to-</i> from root * <i>pel</i> , “struck”
<b>pora.i.</b>	epithet of the goddess Reitia
<b>proivos</b>	Cf. Latin <i>prius</i> ?
<b>*kva.r.to.s.</b>	ordinal “fourth”, implied in an idionym, may be borrowed
<b>kva.n.</b>	“when”
<b>-kve</b>	enclitic conjunction “and”
<b>kv and kvi</b>	Abbreviation of an unknown word
<b>kvido.r.</b>	3 <sup>rd</sup> singular medio-passive, meaning unknown
<b>*kvi.n.to.s.</b>	ordinal “fifth”, implied in an idionym, may be borrowed
<b>kvon</b>	Maybe genitive plural of the relative pronoun, after <b>matron</b> , with the final nasal not written.
<b>re.i.tia.i.</b>	The goddess Reitia (sometimes transcribed as Rehtia, and connected to the Greek Orthia, from * <i>rekt-yā</i> )
<b>śa.i.nate.i.</b>	Divine epithet; epicene adjective used for both a goddess and a god
<b>sevhladuk.as.</b>	Unknown; genitive a-stem noun? Possibly the name of a divinity (La Regina 1989)
<b>*se.g.to.s.</b>	ordinal “sixth” implied by an idionym
<i>sselboisselboi</i>	“ipsi/sibi”, dative with expressive reduplication
<b>stati</b>	“by weight”, instrumental singular of * <i>sth<sub>2</sub>-ti-</i>

<b>te.r.mo.n.io.s.</b>	“of the boundary”, accusative masculine plural adjective
<b>te.u.ta</b>	“people”
<b>te.u.te.r.s.</b>	Verb meaning “made public”? (Fogolari and Prosdocimi)
<b>tola.r. / tole.r. / tule.r.</b>	“bring an offering”, various forms of a 3 <sup>rd</sup> singular medio-passive verb of the root * <i>tel-</i>
<b>tona.s.to</b>	alternative form of <b>dona.s.to</b>
<b>tribus.iiati.n.</b>	divine epithet of a god at Lagole, meaning unknown – first element from * <i>tri-</i> “three”?
<b>trumus.iiati[.].n.</b>	frequent divine epithet of a god at Lagole, meaning unknown – first element from *( <i>kw</i> ) <i>tru-</i> “four”?
<b>trumusijatei</b>	
<b>.u.</b>	preposition from * <i>ūd</i> , used with <b>dono.m.</b> – “as a gift” and <b>teu.tam.</b> “in the name of the people”
<b>.u.po</b>	preverb
<b>va.g.so.n.t[</b>	Third person verb. Possible interpretations: * <i>wak-</i> cf. Latin <i>uacuus</i> , * <i>wag-</i> cf. Latin <i>uagari</i> .
<b>va.l.ga.m.</b>	Unknown fem. sing. acc. noun.
<b>vda.n.</b>	accusative feminine singular; name for an “alphabetic offering” at Este, whether a tablet or stylus; name built from the first two consonants, v and d
<b>vebele.i.</b>	epithet of the goddess Reitia, dative singular, meaning uncertain (she who bathes < * <i>g<sup>w</sup>ēbh-</i> ? she who weaves < * <i>web<sup>h-</sup></i> ?)
<b>ve.r.de.o.s.</b>	Unknown nom. pl. noun. Cf. * <i>werdho-</i> , “speak”?
<b>ve.s.ke.ś.</b>	epicene noun indicating a quasi-familial relationship, something like “adopted son/daughter”
<b>veso.ś.</b>	“his own” (Lejeune) or “tomb (vel sim)” (Fogolari and Prosdocimi)
<b>vivoi</b>	“living” dative singular masculine adjective
<b>vo.l.te.r.ko.n.</b>	“voluntary”
<b>vo.l.tiio</b>	“voluntary”
<b>vo.n.ta.r.</b>	“voluntary act”, neuter noun in -āri-
<b>vot.tso.m.</b>	adjective describing an offering (neuter, implying <b>dono.m.</b> ), maybe from * <i>wok-(i)to-</i> , from * <i>wek-</i> “agree freely”

### Venetic Personal Names

This list includes all names from Lejeune (1974); names from more recently discovered inscriptions will follow similar patterns.

<b>[.]a.kisini[.].i.</b>	Akisinios	PA masc. dat.
<b>.a.kutiio.i.</b>	Akutios	PA masc. dat.
<b>a.kutna.i.</b>	Akutna	ID fem. dat.
<b>.a.kuto.i.</b>	Akutos	ID masc. dat.

<b>.a.kut</b>	Akut.	ID masc. dat. (abbreviated)
<b>.a.kut.s.</b>	Akutis	PA masc.
<b>.a.vhro.i.</b>	Afros	ID masc. dat.
<b>.&lt;a&gt;.i.mo.i.</b>	Aimos	ID masc. dat.
<b>.a.l.barenio.i.</b>	Albarenios	PA masc. dat.
<b>.a.l.lo</b>		ID
<b>.ametiku.s.</b>	Ametikus	PA masc. nom.
<i>andeticobos</i>	Andeticobos	PA masc. dat. plural
<b>.a.n.detina.i.</b>	Andetina	GA fem. dat.
<b>.a.n.t[</b>	Ant[	ID
<b>.a.p</b>	Ap.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>a.pero</b>		ID masc.
<b>.aplisikos.</b>	Aplisikos	PA masc. nom.
<b>.aplisiko.s.</b>	Aplisikos	PA masc. nom.
<i>appioi</i>	Appios	ID masc. dat.
<b>.a.r.bo.n.ko.s.</b>	Arbonkos	PA masc. nom.
<b>.ar.bos.</b>	Arbos	ID masc. nom.
<b>.a.riiun.s.</b>	Ariuns	PA masc. nom.
<b>.a.rs.petijako.s.</b>	Arspetiiakos	PA masc. nom.
<b>.a.s.konia.i.</b>	Askonia	ID fem. dat.
<i>ataina</i>	Ataina	ID fem. nom.
<b>.a.t[.]ta</b>	Atta	ID
<b>.a..t.to</b>	Atto	ID
<b>aviro</b>	Aviro	ID masc.
<b>.a[. ?]ugerio.i.</b>	A?ugerios	PA masc. dat.
<b>bia.l.lenio.i.</b>	Biallenios	ID masc. dat.
<b>bo.[</b>	Bo[	PA?
<b>bo.i.kno[.s.]</b>	Boiknos	PA masc. nom.
<b>[b]o&lt;.&gt;i&lt;.&gt;iiako.s.</b>	Boiiakos	PA? masc. nom.
<b>bo.i.iiio.s.</b>	Boiios	ID masc. nom.
<b>bri</b>	Bri.	ID (abbreviated)
<i>brigdinai</i>	Brigdina	GA fem. dat.
<b>bris</b>	Bris.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>bro.i.joko.s.</b>	Broiiokos	PA masc. nom.
<b>broi.joko.s.</b>	Broiiokos	ID masc. nom.
<b>bu.k.ka</b>	Bukka	ID fem. nom.
<b>butijako.s.</b>	Butiiakos	ID masc. nom.
<b>k[</b>	K.	ID
<b>k[</b>	K.	ID
<b>ka</b>	Ka.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>kab</b>	Kab.	abbreviation of an ethnic?
<b>ka.i.mo.i.</b>	Kaimos	ID masc. dat.

<b>kaiva</b>	Kaiva	ID masc. nom.
<b>kala[?]iio.i.</b>	Kala[?]iios	PA masc. dat.
<b>kalo</b>	Kalo.	?
<b>kalodiba[</b>	Kalodiba[	ID
<b>ka.n.</b>	Kan.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>ka.n.ta</b>	Kanta	ID fem. nom.
<i>canta</i>	Canta	ID fem. nom.
<b>ka.n.ta.i.</b>	Kanta	ID fem. dat.
<b>ka.n.te.s.</b>	Kantes	ID masc. nom.
<b>kapo</b>	Kapo.	?
<b>kapro.s.</b>	Kapros	ID masc. nom.
<b>kara.n.mniio.i.</b>	Karanmnios	PA masc. dat.
<b>kara.n.mn.s.</b>	Karanmns	PA masc. nom.
<i>carponia</i>	Carponia	PA fem. nom.
<b>kata[</b>	Kata[	PA masc. dat.
<b>katakna</b>	Katakna	ID fem. nom.
<i>cattonico</i>	Cattonico	cognomen masc.
<b>katus.ia.i.io.s.</b>	Katusiaios	PA masc. nom.
<b>kavaron:s.</b>	Kavarons	PA masc. nom.
<b>ke.l.lo.s.</b>	Kellos	ID masc. nom.
<b>keutini</b>	Keutinos	ID masc. gen.
<i>ceutini</i>	Ceutinos	ID masc. gen.
<b>klutaviko.s.</b>	Klutavikos	ID masc. nom.
<b>klutiiari.s.</b>	Klutiiaris	PA masc. nom.
<b>koija</b>	Koia	ID fem. nom.
<b>kolia.i.</b>	Kolia	ID fem. dat.
<b>kov</b>	Kov.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>krevin.iaios.</b>	Kreviniaios	PA masc. nom.
<i>crumelonia</i>	Crumelonia	gentilicium fem. nom.
<i>crumelonioi</i>	Crumelonios	PA masc. dat.
<b>krum[el]on:s.</b>	Krumelons	PA masc. nom.
<i>ktulistoi</i>	Ktulistos	ID masc. dat.
<b>kuge.s.</b>	Kuges	ID masc. nom.
<b>ku.i.juta</b>	Kuiiuta	ID masc. nom.
<b>kuprikon.io.i.</b>	Kuprikonios	PA masc. dat.
<b>dau[</b>	Dau[	ID
<b>deipjariko.s.</b>	Deipiiarikos	PA masc. nom.
<b>de.i.volaijos</b>	Deivolaiios	PA masc. nom.
<b>diba[</b>	Diba[	?
<b>di[.]l.liko.s.</b>	Dillikos	PA masc. nom.
<b>do.s.tide.i.me.s</b>	Dostideimes	ID masc. nom.
<b>.e.[</b>	E[	ID masc.

<b>.e.bos.</b>	Ebos	ID masc. nom.
<b>.e.vha.i.v[</b>	Efaiv[	?
<b>.e.ge[</b>	Ege[	PA masc. dat.
<b>.e.ge.s.tio.i.</b>	Egestios	PA masc. dat.
<b>.ege.s.tn[a.i.]</b>	Egestna	GA fem. dat.
<b>[.]e.ge.s.t.s.</b>	Egests	ID masc. nom.
<b>.e.ge.s.t.s.</b>	Egests	PA masc. nom.
<b>.e.getora</b>	Egetora	ID fem. nom.
<i>egetorei</i>	Egetor	ID masc. dat.
<b>.e.getoriio.i.</b>	Egetorios	PA masc. dat.
<b>eneijo.s.</b>	Eneios	PA masc. dat.
<b>.e.netio.i.</b>	Enetios	PA masc. dat.
<i>eniconeio</i>	Eniconeios	gentilicium masc.
<i>enniceios</i>	Eniceios	PA masc. nom.
<b>.e.n.no</b>	Enno	ID masc.
<b>.e..n.noniiia</b>	Ennonia	PA fem. nom.
<i>ennonioi</i>	Ennonios	PA masc. dat.
<b>[.]e.n.no[ni.s.]</b>	Ennonis	PA masc. nom.
<b>.e..n.non.s.</b>	Ennons	PA masc. nom.
<b>eno</b>	Eno	ID
<b>.e.nogene.i.</b>	Enogenis	ID masc. dat.
<b>enogenes</b>	Enogenes	ID masc. nom.
<i>enoni</i>	Enonos	ID masc. gen.
<b>er[--]ose[--]ko[s]</b>	Er[--]ose[ko]s	PA masc. nom.
<b>ersiniioi</b>	Ersinios	PA masc. dat.
<b>.e.s.kaiva</b>	Eskaiva	?
<b>es[----]os</b>	Es[----]os	PA masc. nom.
<b>vhaba.i.tśa</b>	Fabaitsa	ID fem. nom.
<b>hvakios</b>	Fakios	PA masc. nom.
<b>vha.i.v[</b>	Faiv[	ID fem.
<i>fema</i>	F(r)ema	ID fem. nom.
<b>vhe.r.vat[</b>	Fervat[	ID masc.
<b>vhetiana</b>	Fetiana	ID fem. nom.
<b>vheugo[</b>	Feugo[	PA?
<b>fluk[</b>	Fluk[	?
<b>vhogo[.]n[.]ta</b>	Fogonta	ID fem. nom.
<b>vhontei</b>	Fontis	ID masc. dat.
<i>fougo</i>	Fougo	ID
<b>fo.u.go.i.</b>	Fougos	?
<b>vho.u.go.n.ta</b>	Fougonta	ID fem. nom.
<i>fougontai</i>	Fougonta	ID fem. nom.
<b>vho.u.go.n.te[i.]</b>	Fougontis	ID masc. dat.

<b>vho.u.go.n.ttiaka</b>	Fougontiaka	PA fem. nom.
<b>vho.u.go.n.tio.i.</b>	Fougontios	PA masc. dat.
<b>vho.u.go.n.tna</b>	Fougontna	ID fem. nom.
<b>fouvoniko.s.</b>	Fouvonikos	PA masc. nom.
<b>fo.u.vo.s</b>	Fouvos	ID masc. nom.
<b>fovo</b>	Fovo	ID masc.
<i>fovonicus</i>	Fovonicus	PA masc. nom.
<b>vhr</b>	Fr.	PA fem. dat. sing. or pl. (abbreviated)
<i>frem</i>	Frem.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>vhrem[</b>	Frem[	PA or GA fem.
<b>vhrema</b>	Frema	ID fem. nom.
<i>frema</i>	Frema	ID fem. nom.
<b>vhrema.i.s.</b>	Frema	PA fem. dat. plural?
<b>[vh]rema.i.s.ti</b>	Fremaistos	PA masc. gen.
<i>fremaistina</i>	Fremaistina	GA fem. dat.
<b>vhrema.i.s.&lt;ti.s.&gt;</b>	Fremaistis	PA masc.
<b>vhrema.i..s.tna</b>	Fremaistna	GA fem. nom.
<b>vhrema.i..s.tna</b>	Fremaistna	ID fem. nom.
<b>vhremenodu</b>	Fremenodu	ID fem. nom.
<b>[v]hre.m.&lt;m&gt;ato.i.</b>	Fremmatos	ID masc. dat.
<b>vhre.n.mo</b>	Frenmo	ID
<i>frivi</i>	Frivos	ID masc. gen.
<b>vhrutana.i.</b>	Frutana	ID fem. dat.
<b>fugene.s.</b>	Fugenes	ID masc. nom.
<i>fugenia</i>	Fugenia	ID fem. nom.
<b>vhuginiia.i.</b>	Fuginia	PA fem. dat.
<b>vhugia</b>	Fugia	ID fem. nom.
<b>vhugiia</b>	Fugia	ID fem. nom.
<b>vhugia.i.</b>	Fugiai	ID fem. dat.
<b>vhugiio.i.</b>	Fugios	ID masc. dat.
<b>fu.t.to[.].s.</b>	Futtos	ID masc. nom.
<b>futto.s.</b>	Futtos	ID masc. nom.
<i>futus</i>	Futus	ID masc. nom.
<b>vhug.s.iiia</b>	Fugsia	ID fem. nom.
<b>vhuk.s.iiia.i.</b>	Fuksia	ID fem. dat.
<b>ga</b>	Ga.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>ga.i.jo.s.</b>	Gaius	Latin praenomen masc.
<b>galkno.s.</b>	Galknos	ID masc. gen.
<i>gavis</i>	Gavis	ID masc. nom.
<i>gentei</i>	Gentis	ID masc. dat.
<b>ge.n.te.i[.i]io.s.</b>	Genteios	PA masc. nom.
<b>go.l.tano.s.</b>	Goltanos	ID masc. nom.



<b>gra.i.ko.i.</b>	Graikoi	ID masc. (nom.?)
<b>gro</b>	Gro.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>he[--]torio.i.</b>	He[--]torios	PA masc. dat.
<b>hevi.s.so.ś.</b>	Hevissos	ID masc. nom.
<b>ho.s.tihavo.s.</b>	Hostihavos	ID masc. nom.
<b>inijo</b>	Iniio	PA masc.?
<b>inijoni[kos]</b>	Iniionikos	PA masc. nom.
<b>ituria</b>	Ituria	ID fem. nom.
<b>ia</b>	Ia.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>ia.n.t.s.</b>	Iants	ID masc. nom.
<b>ie[</b>	Ie[	PA fem. dat.
<b>iion.ko.s.</b>	Ionkos	ID masc. nom.
<b>iuv[</b>	Iuv[	ID dat.
<b>ivanta</b>	Ivanta	ID fem. nom.
<b>iuva.n.te.i.</b>	Iuvariantis	ID masc. dat.
<i>ivanteiai</i>	Iuvariantia	ID fem. dat.
<i>.i.vantina</i>	Ivantina	GA fem. nom
<b>iiuva.n.tio.i.</b>	Iuvariantios	PA masc. dat.
<i>ivantioi</i>	Ivariantios	PA masc. dat.
<b>iiuva.n.t.s.</b>	Iuvariants	ID masc. nom.
<b>iiuva.n.t.śa.i.</b>	Iuvariantsa	PA fem. dat.
<b>la.i.v.na.i.</b>	Laivna	GA fem. dat.
<i>lamusioi</i>	Lamusios	PA masc. dat.
<b>lav.s.ko.s.</b>	Lavskos	PA masc. nom.
<b>le</b>	Le.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>lemeto.i.</b>	Lemetos	ID masc. dat.
<b>lemetor</b>	Lemetor	ID masc. dat.
<i>[l]emeto[ri]nai</i>	Lemetorina	cognomen fem. dat.
<b>lemeto.r.na</b>	Lemetorna	GA fem. nom.
<i>lemonei</i>	Lemonis	ID masc. dat.
<b>leso</b>	Leso	ID masc. nom.
<b>le.s.sa</b>	Lessa	ID nom.
<b>lom[</b>	Lom[	ID
<b>lo.r.</b>	Lor.	PA masc. dat. (abbreviated)
<b>lo.u.dera.i.</b>	Loudera	ID fem. dat. (or noun)
<b>lo.g.sii&lt;a&gt;</b>	Logsia	PA fem. nom.
<i>loxina</i>	Loxina	GA fem. nom.
<b>luk[</b>	Luk[	ID, maybe latin
<b>luk.s.</b>	Luks	Latin praenomen
<b>m[?]no.s.</b>	M[?]no.s.	PA masc. nom.
<b>m&lt;a&gt;kna</b>	Makna	GA fem. nom.
<b>makkno.s.</b>	Makknos	ID masc. gen.

<i>martrikai</i>	Matrica	ID fem. dat.
<b>mel[?]nk.s.</b>	Mel[?]nks	gentilicium masc. nom.
<b>metšo</b>	Metšo	ID nom.
<b>mo.l.dna</b>	Moldna	GA fem. nom.
<b>mo.l.do</b>	Moldo	ID masc. nom.
<b>mo.l.donke.o.</b>	Moldonkeo	PA masc. nom.
<b>molo</b>	Molo	ID masc. nom.
<b>molo.n.</b>	Molon	ID masc. nom.
<b>moloto</b>	Moloto	ID fem. nom.
<b>mo.l.tone[i.]</b>	Moltonis	ID masc. dat.
<b>mot</b>	Mot.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>mu.s.kia.l.na.i.</b>	Muskialna	GA fem. dat.
<b>mu.s.ta.i.</b>	Musta	ID fem. dat.
<b>na</b>	Na.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>na.i.šo.i.</b>	Naisos	ID masc. dat.
<b>na.i.son.ko.s.</b>	Naisonkos	PA masc. nom.
<b>ne.i.rka.i.</b>	Neirka	ID fem. dat.
<b>ne.r.ka</b>	Nerka	ID fem. nom.
<b>ne.r.ka.i.</b>	Nerka	ID fem. dat.
<b>nisijariko.s.</b>	Nisjarikos	PA masc. nom.
<b>.o[</b>	O[	PA masc.
<b>.okijai.jo.i.</b>	Okiaios	PA masc. dat.
<i>ontei</i>	Ontis	ID masc. dat.
<b>.o.p.po.s.</b>	Oppos	ID masc. nom.
<b>.ossoko.s.</b>	Ossokos	PA masc. nom.
<i>ost.inai</i>	Ostina	GA fem. dat.
<b>.o.s.tiako[</b>	Ostiako[	?
<b>.o.s.tiala.i.</b>	Ostiala	ID fem. dat.
<i>ostialae</i>	Ostiala	praenomen fem. gen.
<b>ostiianko</b>	Ostianko	ID fem. nom.
<i>ostianco</i>	Ostianco	ID fem. nom.
<b>.o.s.tio.i.</b>	Ostios	ID masc. dat.
<b>.o..s.t..s.</b>	Osts	ID masc. nom.
<b>.o.tnia</b>	Otnia	PA fem. nom.
<b>.o.tniia</b>	Otnia	PA fem. nom.
<b>pa</b>	Pa.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>pelonikoi</b>	Pelonikos	ID masc. dat.
<b>pilpote.i.</b>	Pilpotis	ID masc. dat.
<b>pi.t.ta.m.mniko.s.</b>	Pittammnikos	PA masc. nom.
<b>plede.i.</b>	Pledis	ID masc. dat.
<b>pro</b>	Pro.	ID (abbreviated)
<i>prontanos</i>	Prontanos	ID masc. nom.

<b>pupone.i.</b>	Puponis	ID masc. gen?
<b>qwartio</b>	Quartio	ID nom.
<b>kvero.n[.t</b>	Kveron[t-	PA
<b>kvi&lt;.n.&gt;to</b>	Kvinto	ID nom.
<b>rako.i.</b>	Rakos	ID masc. dat.
<b>ra.i.teviiio.i.</b>	Raitevios	ID masc. dat.
<i>ravpatniis</i>	Ravpatnis	PA masc. nom.
<b>resun.ko.s.</b>	Resunkos	PA masc. nom.
<b>ruma.n[.]na</b>	Rumanna	GA fem. nom.
<b>ruma&lt;.&gt;n&lt;.na&gt;</b>	Rumanna	GA fem. nom.
<b>s[--]kos</b>	S[--]kos	ID masc. nom.
<b>se.g.tio[</b>	Segtio[	ID
<b>set</b>	Set.	PA masc. dat. (abbreviated)
<b>siakna</b>	Siakna	GA fem. nom.
<b>suro.s.</b>	Suros	ID masc. nom.
<b>śel</b>	Sel.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>śet</b>	Set.	GA dat. (abbreviated)
<b>śikos</b>	Sikos	ID masc. nom.
<b>śo.u.go.i.</b>	Sougos	ID masc. dat.
<b>śup[i]io.i.</b>	Suppios	PA masc. dat.
<b>ta.i.no.n.</b>	Tainon	PA fem. dat.?
<b>te.r.</b>	Ter.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>te.s.</b>	Tes.	PA (abbreviated)
<b>tiiio</b>	Tiio	ID masc. nom.
<i>tiraglonia</i>	Tiraglonia	PA fem. nom.
<b>to</b>	To.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>tomatoriio.i.</b>	Tomatorios	PA masc. dat.
<i>toticinaí</i>	Toticina	GA fem. dat.
<b>to.u.peio</b>	Toupeio	PA masc. nom.
<b>triśiko.s.</b>	Trisikos	PA masc. nom.
<b>tu.r.kna</b>	Turkna	GA fem. nom.
<i>tuina</i>	Tuina	GA fem. nom.
<b>turijone.i.</b>	Turionis	ID masc. dat.
<i>turstiaca</i>	Turstiaca	cognomen fem. nom.
<b>.u.</b>	U.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>.u.ko</b>	Uko	ID masc. nom.
<b>.u.kona</b>	Ukona	ID fem. nom.
<b>.u.posediio.i.</b>	Uposedios	PA masc. dat.
<i>upsedia</i>	Upsedia	PA fem. nom.
<b>.u.r.kle.i.io.i.</b>	Urkleios	PA masc. dat.
<b>.u.r.kli</b>	Urklos	ID masc. gen. (or dat. if -(e)i, as proposed by Untermann)

<i>usedica</i>	Usedica	PA fem. nom.
<i>uśedika</i>	Usedika	PA fem. nom.
<i>vantai</i>	Vanta	ID fem. dat.
<b>va.n.tkenia[</b>	Vantkenia	ID fem.
<b>va.n.te.i.</b>	Vantis	ID masc. dat.
<b>va[.]n.tio.i.</b>	Vantios	PA masc. dat.
<b>va.n.t.s.</b>	Vants	ID masc. nom.
<b>va.s.seno</b>	Vasseno	ID fem. nom.
<b>vaso</b>	Vaso	ID
<b>ve</b>	Ve.	ID (abbreviated)
<b>ve.i.gno.i.</b>	Veignos	PA masc. dat.
<b>ve.i.me.s.</b>	Veimes	ID masc. nom.
<b>ve.n.na</b>	Venna	ID
<b>ve.n.noni.s.</b>	Vennonis	PA masc. nom.
<b>ve.r.ko.n.darna</b>	Verkondarna	ID fem. nom.
<b>ve.s.tiniio.i.</b>	Vestinos	PA masc. dat.
<b>vilkenis</b>	Vilkenis	PA masc. nom.
<b>vineti</b>	Vinetos	ID masc. gen. (could be Vinetikaris)
<b>vise.i.io</b>	Viseios	ID masc. nom.
<b>[vo.l.]s.iio.n.mno.s[.]</b>	Volsionmnos	ID masc. nom.
<i>v.olsomnos</i>	Volsomnos	ID masc. nom.
<b>vo.l.t[</b>	Volt[	PA masc. dat.
<b>voltigenei</b>	Voltigenis	ID masc. dat.
<b>vo.l.tigno.s.</b>	Voltignos	ID masc. nom.
<b>vo.l.tiio.m.mnina.i.</b>	Voltiommnina	GA fem. dat.
<b>vo.l.tiio.m.mniio.i.</b>	Voltiommnios	ID masc. dat.
<b>vo.l.tiio.mno.i.</b>	Voltiomnos	ID masc. dat.
<b>vo.l.tiio.n.mnin&lt;a&gt;</b>	Voltionmnina	ID fem. nom.
<b>vo.l.tiio[.n.m]ni.s[.]</b>	Voltionmnis	PA masc. nom.
<b>vo.l.t[iio.n.]mno.s.</b>	Voltionmnos	ID masc. nom.
<b>vo.l.topariko.s.</b>	Voltoparikos	PA masc. nom.
<b>vote.i.iio.s.</b>	Voteios	PA masc. nom.
<b>votika[</b>	Votika[	ID fem.
<b>votna</b>	Votna	GA fem. nom.
<b>voto</b>	Voto	ID masc. nom.
<b>voto.s.</b>	Votos	ID masc. nom.
<b>vo.t.te.i.iio.s.</b>	Votteios	PA masc. nom.
<b>votu.n.ke.a.</b>	Votunkea	ID fem. nom.
<b>vrot.a.i.</b>	Vrota	ID fem. dat.
<b>v.rot.a.i.</b>	Vrota	ID fem. dat.